

spelt 'augh' caught naughty  Tw let sou (e.g. 'ei', 'ey' and 'eigh' sounds eight/eighth reign weight height (exception)  (re	long vowel  ounds  wo separated tters make one und that are split .g. guide - 'i-e') rive ecide escribe ttreme ide rprise  cult wo ear eigh fru hea in hea er	ords rth ght/eighth uit	double consonants address appear arrive different difficult disappear grammar occasion opposite possible pressure suppose	adding prefixes (dis)appear (dis)believe (re)build (re)position (re)appear suffix -ly, - ally accidentally actually occasion(ally) probably	other words answer early forward(s) guard heard imagine important learn often potatoes promise sentence
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Teachers should continue to emphasise to pupils the relationships between sounds and letters, even when the relationships are unusual. Once root words are learnt in this way, longer words can be spelt correctly, if the rules and guidelines for adding prefixes and suffixes are also known.

#### Examples:

business: once busy is learnt, with due attention to the unusual spelling of the /i/ sound as 'u', business can then be spelt as busy + ness, with the y of busy changed to i according to the rule.

disappear: the root word appear contains sounds which can be spelt in more than one way so it needs to be learnt, but the prefix dis- is then simply added to appear.

Understanding the relationships between words can also help with spelling. Examples:

- bicycle is cycle (from the Greek for wheel) with bi- (meaning two) before it.
- $\bullet \quad$  medicine is related to medical so the /s/ sound is spelt as  $\boldsymbol{c}.$
- opposite is related to oppose, so the schwa sound in opposite is spelt as  $\mathbf{o}$ .



-tion and - sion words mention occasion position possess(ion) question	-ible words possible  -ous words famous various	cross- curricular words experiment group increase length material natural opposite straight	spelt as 'c' before 'e', 'i' and 'y' bicycle centre century century atural pposite  spelt as 'c' before 'e', 'i' and 'y' bicycle centre century certain circle decide  vowels (Year busy/business different favourite February interest library ordinary separate	vowels (Year 4) busy/business different favourite February interest	breath breathe calendar complete consider continue island particular peculiar perhaps popular purpose special strange strength woman/women
'n' spelt as 'kn' knowledge  adverbials therefore	-ough letter strings enough though/although thought through (currently taught in Years 5/6)			·	

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'i' before 'e'		unstressed	unstressed	double	cross-	other words
except after 'c' when the sound is 'ee' achieve convenience mischievous		consonants government  -ough letter strings thorough	vowels  accommodate average bruise category cemetery definite desperate dictionary embarrass	consonants accommodate accompany according aggressive apparent appreciate attached committee communicate	curricular words temperature forty twelfth -ant, -ance, -ancy, -ent,	amateur bargain curiosity equip(-ped, -ment) excellent familiar language lightning muscle
-tion words competition explanation profession pronunciation	'i' before 'e' only soldier sufficient (exception) variety ancient (exception) foreign (exception)	-able words available	environment exaggerate marvellous nuisance parliament privilege secretary temperature vegetable	community correspond immediate occupy occur opportunity recommend suggest	-ence, - ency words apparent conscience convenience existence hindrance nuisance	persuade recognise vehicle

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Understanding the history of words and relationships between them can also help with spelling.

#### Examples:

- Conscience and conscious are related to science: conscience is simply science with the prefix con- added. These words come from the Latin word scio meaning I know.
- The word desperate, meaning 'without hope', is often pronounced in English as desp'rate, but the -sper- part comes from the Latin spero, meaning 'I hope', in which the e was clearly sounded.
- Familiar is related to family, so the /9/ sound in the first syllable of familiar is spelt as **a**.



words originating from other countries conscience conscious desperate yacht -ous words disastrous	'c' makes 's' sound before 'i', 'e' and 'y' cemetery convenience criticise(critic+ise) excellent existence hindrance necessary prejudice sacrifice	suffixes and prefixes according attached criticise(critic+ise) determined equip(-ment, -ped) especially frequently immediate(-ly) (un)necessary sincere(-ly)	cross- curricular words temperature forty twelfth 'y' makes the 'i' as in 'bin' sound physical symbol system (this is revision from Year 4)	other words awkward controversy develop guarantee harass identity individual interfere interrupt leisure	neighbour programme queue relevant restaurant rhyme rhythm shoulder signature stomach
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